



Green space and beyond:

Chiang Kiean Municipality Chiang Rai Province, Thailand

Deputy Mayor: Mr. Danai Jaitanong

Plenary 2: Deepening East Asia's Synergies for ESC Regional Cooperation to Release the 2000 Agenda

Thursday, 3 March 2016













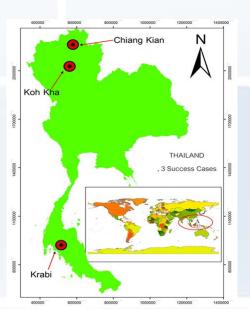


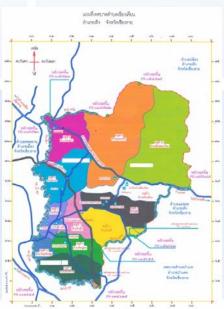






Located	Northern part of country	
Туре	a medium city with a mountainous area and mixed decidous forest where located in the northern part of Thailand	
Land Areas (Sq. Km)	Population	Households
76.3 square kilometers	5,112 peoples	1,762 households





The 50% of the total area is national reserve forest and community forest is 8.41 square kilometers







Existing public green spaces and parks in cities

















Existing public green spaces and parks in cities











Environmentally Sustainable Management Activities

Self sufficiency economy community



Community Watershed forest conservation under public participation









Urban biodiversity interpreted in policies/practices related to public green spaces and parks?

























Strategies to promote public green spaces and parks - citizen well-being as well as for tourism?







Dissemination

Capacity building

Promote public participation



Creating network



Public awareness and consciousness and learning centre

Promote Local wisdom

























Good practices/insights to share the other cities

Tangible Achievements

Community Watershed forest

Learning source of Community Watershed forest management









Where we are in SDGs?

OUTCOMES

Economic dimension

Self-support lifestyle

Community food security

Sustainable Development

Social Dimension

Caring Society

Local Wisdom Promotion

Environment dimension

Natural resources based and biodiversity conservation

Increase green area























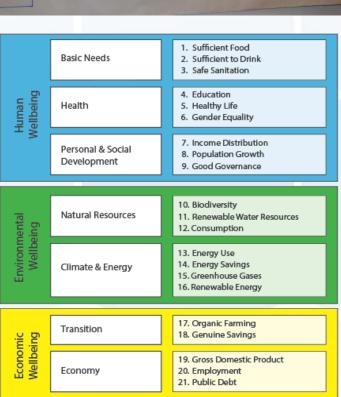


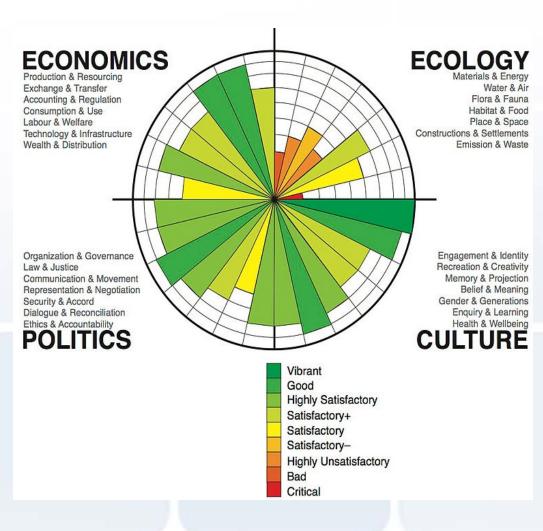
















Background of the SDGs



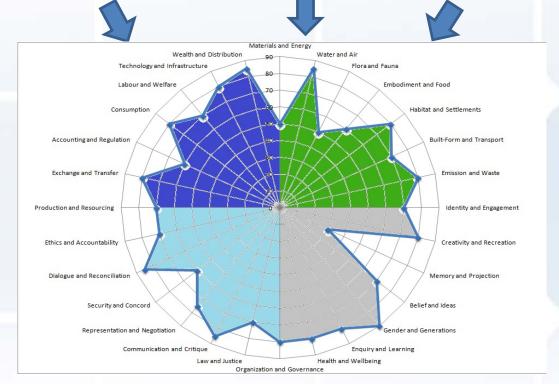




Social aspect of sustainable development (equity and equality)

SDGs' unfinished tasks

Challenges raised by the limits of the Earth System





























Innovation and game-changing ESC practices/policies Local and Regional

Conservation aquatic resources by releasing fish into natural waters and Public water constantly.		
build Check dams for moisturize, biodiversity And reduce flash flood.		
Conservation aquatic resources by releasing fish into natural waters and Public water constantly.		₩ ₩
Waterway dredging and mining vessels for enhance water into agricultural areas.		
Development Tourism area of Por Mon Dang Shrine became The Learning Center of history.		₩
Waste management, recycling		89
Organic waste management	8 miles 10 miles 1	%
Gerenal Waste Management		89
Hazardous waste management		
KRU KASET Learning Center(organic waste from pig to manure,rice organic , organic farming,Vinegar from wood burning)		
Sufficient economy(using chaff biomass, using original herbs, farming bee.		## 89
Sufficient economy(waste management in household)	11	= 8
basketwork group of elder		## 89
school of elder		













Chiang Kiean Municipality, Thailand

